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1	SENATE BILL NO. 1
2	INTRODUCED BY D. GRIMES
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING THE LAWS RELATING TO
5	EMPLOYMENT REFERENCES, BLACKLISTING, AND DEFAMATION; CLARIFYING THAT CONSENT TO
6	PUBLICATION CONSTITUTES A PRIVILEGE UNDER DEFAMATION LAW; PROVIDING THAT EMPLOYMENT
7	REFERENCES ARE SUBJECT TO DEFAMATION LAW; DEFINING "BLACKLISTING" AND DISTINGUISHING
8	EMPLOYMENT REFERENCES AND BLACKLISTING; REPEALING LIMITS ON LIABILITY FOR EMPLOYMENT
9	REFERENCES; AMENDING SECTIONS 27-1-804, 39-2-801, AND 39-2-803, MCA; REPEALING SECTIONS
10	27-1-737, 39-2-802, AND 39-2-804, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND AN
11	APPLICABILITY DATE."
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13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
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15	Section 1. Section 27-1-804, MCA, is amended to read:
16	"27-1-804. What communications are privileged applicability to employment references. (1)
17	A privileged publication is one that is made:
18	(1)(a) in the proper discharge of an official duty;
19	(2)(b) in any legislative or judicial proceeding or in any other official proceeding authorized by law;
20	(c) with the consent of the defamed person, unless the consent is obtained by fraud or duress or
21	is given by one who lacks the capacity to consent;
22	(3)(d) in a communication without malice to a person interested therein by one who is also
23	interested or by one who stands in such relation to the person interested as to afford a reasonable ground
24	for supposing the motive for the communication innocent or who is requested by the person interested
25	to give the information between persons each having an interest or duty with respect to the subject matter
26	of the communication and that is made with the purpose to further the interest or duty;
27	(4)(e) by a fair and true report without malice of a judicial, legislative, or other public official
21	(1)
28	proceeding or of anything said in the course thereof of the official proceeding.



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Section 2. Section 39-2-801, MCA, is amended to read:

"39-2-801. Employee to be furnished on demand with reason for discharge. (1) It is the duty of any A person after having discharged any who discharges an employee from service shall, upon written demand by the discharged employee made within 30 days of the discharge, to furnish the discharged employee in writing with a written statement of reasons for the discharge within 30 days of receipt of the written demand. Except as provided in subsection (3), if the person refuses to do so within a reasonable time after the demand, it is unlawful for the person to furnish any statement of the reasons for the discharge to any person or in any way to blacklist or to prevent the discharged person from procuring employment elsewhere, subject to the penalties and damages prescribed in this part.

- (2) A written demand under this part subsection (1) must advise the person who discharged the employee of the possibility that the statements statement may be used in litigation.
- (3) A response to the demand may be modified at any time and may not limit a person's ability to present a full defense in any action brought by the discharged employee. Failure to provide a response as required under subsection (1) may not limit a person's ability to present a full defense in any action brought by the discharged employee."

Section 3. Section 39-2-803, MCA, is amended to read:

"39-2-803. Blacklisting prohibited -- definition -- penalties. (1) If any company or corporation in this state A person who blacklists or authorizes or allows any of its agents to blacklist or any person does blacklist any discharged the blacklisting of a former employee or attempts by word or writing or any other means whatever to prevent any discharged employee or any employee who may have voluntarily left the company's service from obtaining employment with another person, except as provided for in 39-2-802, such company or corporation or person is liable in commits the offense of blacklisting and upon conviction shall be fined not to exceed \$500, or be imprisoned in the county jail for a term not to exceed 6 months, or both. In any civil action arising out of the blacklisting, a judge or jury may award punitive damages to such employee so prevented from obtaining employment, to be recovered by him in a civil action, and is also punishable as provided in 39-2-804 27-1-220.

- (2) For purposes of this section:
- (a) "blacklist" or "blacklisting" means to prepare THE COMMUNICATION BY AN EMPLOYER OR FORMER
 EMPLOYER TO A PROSPECTIVE EMPLOYER OF a list, written or oral, of persons identified for special avoidance,



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1	antagonism, or enmity on the part of those who prepare the list or those among whom it is intended to
2	circulate THE EMPLOYER, FORMER EMPLOYER, OR PROSPECTIVE EMPLOYER; and
3	(b) individual employment references THE FOLLOWING do not constitute blacklisting:
4	(I) INDIVIDUAL EMPLOYMENT REFERENCES; OR
5	(II) TRUTHFUL STATEMENTS CONCERNING JOB PERFORMANCE OR THE ABILITY OR THE LACK OF ABILITY TO PERFORM
6	A JOB."
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8	NEW SECTION. Section 4. Repealer. Sections 27-1-737, 39-2-802, and 39-2-804, MCA, are
9	repealed.
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11	NEW SECTION. Section 5. Saving clause. [This act] does not affect rights and duties that
12	matured, penalties that were incurred, or proceedings that were begun before [the effective date of this
13	act].
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15	NEW SECTION. Section 6. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.
16	
17	NEW SECTION. Section 7. Applicability. [This act] applies to causes of action arising on or after
18	[the effective date of this act].
19	- END -

